FILED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

SEP 1 0 2019

JUDGE JORGE LUIS ALONSO United States District Court

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No. 18 CR 270

v.

Judge Elaine E. Bucklo

IRMA HOLLOWAY, aka "Irma Ratliff Holloway"

PLEA AGREEMENT

1. This Plea Agreement between the United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, JOHN R. LAUSCH, JR., and defendant IRMA HOLLOWAY, and her attorney, GREGORY T. MITCHELL, is made pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and is governed in part by Rule 11(c)(1)(A), as more fully set forth below. The parties to this Agreement have agreed upon the following:

Charges in This Case

- 2. The indictment in this case charges defendant with bank fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1347 (Count 1), and making a false statement to a financial institution, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1014 (Count 2).
- 3. Defendant has read the charges against her contained in the indictment, and those charges have been fully explained to her by her attorney.
- 4. Defendant fully understands the nature and elements of the crimes with which she has been charged.

Charge to Which Defendant Is Pleading Guilty

5. By this Plea Agreement, defendant agrees to enter a voluntary plea of guilty to the following count of the indictment: Count 2, which charges defendant with making a false statement to a financial institution, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1014.

Factual Basis

6. Defendant will plead guilty because she is in fact guilty of the charge contained in Count 2 of the indictment. In pleading guilty, defendant admits the following facts and that those facts establish her guilt beyond a reasonable doubt and constitute relevant conduct pursuant to Guideline § 1B1.3:

On or about May 5, 2008, in the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, and elsewhere, defendant IRMA HOLLOWAY, knowingly caused a false statement to be made to a financial institution, namely, Countrywide Bank FSB, for the purpose of influencing the action of Countrywide Bank FSB, upon a mortgage loan for purchase of a property located at 917 West 51st Place, Chicago, Illinois, in that defendant caused to be stated in bank statement that defendant had a balance in her bank account of approximately \$115,000 for the time period ending April 14, 2008, when defendant knew that such statement was false, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1014.

More specifically, in or around May 2008, defendant worked with Individual A (a loan originator) and Individual B (a loan processor who worked with Individual A)

to create false and fraudulent documents in order to fraudulently qualify defendant for a mortgage loan from Countrywide Bank FSB, a financial institution whose deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Defendant, Individual A, and Individual B caused defendant's loan application for the purchase of 917 West 51st Place, Chicago, Illinois, to be submitted to Countrywide Bank FSB knowing that the application falsely represented that defendant was employed by ICM Construction and earning wages of approximately \$9,700 a month. Defendant and others also caused to be submitted to the lender a fictitious bank statement and W-2, as well as fictitious paystubs from ICM Construction. Defendant also signed a HUD-1 settlement statement for the West 51st Place property, which she knew falsely stated that she provided approximately \$17,750 in earnest money toward the purchase of the property. On or about May 5, 2008, defendant and others caused Countrywide Bank FSB to fund a mortgage loan in the amount of approximately \$337,250 for defendant's purchase of the West 51st Place property. The West 51st Place property ultimately went into foreclosure. Defendant acknowledges that as a result of the fraud, Countrywide Bank FSB suffered a loss of approximately \$318,750, which represents the difference between the loan amount and the subsequent sales price of the property in foreclosure.

Relevant Conduct

In or around 2007 through 2008, defendant was a professional real estate investor who controlled ICM Construction, a company involved in the rehabbing of

residential properties. Defendant arranged for individuals (the "Borrowers") to purchase residential properties with the assistance of Individual A and Individual B, who defendant knew would cause to be prepared and submitted to lenders false and fraudulent information about the Borrowers' employment, financial condition, income, assets, and intent to occupy the properties. Defendant and others also caused to be prepared and submitted to lenders HUD-1 settlement statements that defendant knew contained false information about, among other things, payments to the Borrowers' for purchasing properties. Defendant also arranged for Individual C, an employee of Bank A, to provide verifications of deposit for the Borrowers, knowing that these verifications included false information about the Borrowers' assets, and would be submitted to lenders as part of the Borrowers' loan applications. In addition, defendant, through ICM Construction, received proceeds from transactions involving the Borrowers who defendant knew were qualified for mortgage loans based on false information. Defendant also paid portions of these loan proceeds to certain Borrowers purchasing these properties, knowing that these payments had been concealed from the lenders that financed the mortgage loans.

Defendant acknowledges that, as a result of her actions, various lenders issued mortgage loans to the Borrowers and incurred financial losses on the loans because the loans were not repaid by the Borrowers.

Maximum Statutory Penalties

- 7. Defendant understands that the charge to which she is pleading guilty carries the following statutory penalties:
- a. A maximum sentence of 30 years' imprisonment. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3561, defendant may not be sentenced to a term of probation for this offense. This offense also carries a maximum fine of \$1,000,000, or twice the gross gain or gross loss resulting from that offense, whichever is greater. Defendant further understands that the judge also may impose a term of supervised release of not more than five years.
- b. Defendant further understands that the Court must order restitution to the victims of the offense in an amount determined by the Court. The Court also may order restitution to any persons as agreed by the parties.
- c. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3013, defendant will be assessed \$100 on the charge to which she has pled guilty, in addition to any other penalty or restitution imposed.

Sentencing Guidelines Calculations

8. Defendant understands that in determining a sentence, the Court is obligated to calculate the applicable Sentencing Guidelines range, and to consider that range, possible departures under the Sentencing Guidelines, and other sentencing factors under 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), which include: (i) the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant; (ii)

the need for the sentence imposed to reflect the seriousness of the offense, promote respect for the law, and provide just punishment for the offense, afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct, protect the public from further crimes of the defendant, and provide the defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care, or other correctional treatment in the most effective manner; (iii) the kinds of sentences available; (iv) the need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparities among defendants with similar records who have been found guilty of similar conduct; and (v) the need to provide restitution to any victim of the offense.

- 9. For purposes of calculating the Sentencing Guidelines, the parties agree on the following points, except as specified below:
- a. Applicable Guidelines. The Sentencing Guidelines to be considered in this case are those in effect at the time of sentencing. The following statements regarding the calculation of the Sentencing Guidelines are based on the Guidelines Manual currently in effect, namely the November 2018 Guidelines Manual.

b. Offense Level Calculations.

- i. The base offense level is 7, pursuant to Guideline § 2B1.1(a)(1).
- ii. It is the government's position that, pursuant to Guideline § 2B1.1(b)(1)(J), the base offense level is increased by 18 levels because the actual loss is \$3,701,285, which is more than \$3,500,000 and less than \$9,500,000. It is the

defendant's position that the actual loss was less than \$3,701,285. Each party is free to present evidence and argument to the Court on this issue for purposes of applying the Guidelines promulgated by the United States Sentencing Commission.

- § 2B1.1(b)(2)(A)(i), the base offense level is increased by 2 levels because the offense involved 10 or more victims. Defendant disagrees. Each party is free to present evidence and argument to the Court on this issue for purposes of applying the Guidelines promulgated by the United States Sentencing Commission.
- iv. Pursuant to Guideline § 2B1.1(b)(10)(C), the base offense level is increased by 2 levels because the offense involved sophisticated means and the defendant intentionally engaged in or caused the conduct constituting sophisticated means.
- v. If the Court determines at the time of sentencing that defendant has clearly demonstrated a recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for her criminal conduct within the meaning of Guideline § 3E1.1(a), including by furnishing the United States Attorney's Office and the Probation Office with all requested financial information relevant to her ability to satisfy any fine or restitution that may be imposed in this case, a two-level reduction in the offense level will be appropriate. The government reserves the right to take whatever position it deems appropriate at the time of sentencing with respect to

whether defendant has accepted responsibility within the meaning of Guideline § 3E1.1(a).

- vi. If the Court determines that defendant has fully accepted responsibility within the meaning of Guideline § 3E1.1(a), and that the offense level is 16 or greater prior to the application of any reduction for acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Guideline § 3E1.1(a), the government will move for an additional one-level reduction in the offense level pursuant to Guideline 3E1.1(b) because defendant has timely notified the government of her intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the government to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently.
- c. Criminal History Category. With regard to determining defendant's criminal history points and criminal history category, based on the facts now known to the government, defendant's criminal history points equal zero and defendant's criminal history category is I.
- d. Anticipated Advisory Sentencing Guidelines Range. Therefore, based on the facts now known to the government, it is the government's position that the anticipated offense level is 26, which, when combined with the anticipated criminal history category of I, results in an anticipated advisory sentencing guidelines range of 63 to 78 months' imprisonment, in addition to any supervised release, fine, and restitution the Court may impose.

- e. Defendant and her attorney and the government acknowledge that the above guidelines calculations are preliminary in nature, and are non-binding predictions upon which neither party is entitled to rely. Defendant understands that further review of the facts or applicable legal principles may lead the government to conclude that different or additional guidelines provisions apply in this case. Defendant understands that the Probation Office will conduct its own investigation and that the Court ultimately determines the facts and law relevant to sentencing, and that the Court's determinations govern the final guideline calculation. Accordingly, the validity of this Agreement is not contingent upon the probation officer's or the Court's concurrence with the above calculations, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw her plea on the basis of the Court's rejection of these calculations.
- by Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(B), and that errors in applying or interpreting any of the sentencing guidelines may be corrected by either party prior to sentencing. The parties may correct these errors either by stipulation or by a statement to the Probation Office or the Court, setting forth the disagreement regarding the applicable provisions of the guidelines. The validity of this Agreement will not be affected by such corrections, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw her plea, nor the government the right to vacate this Agreement, on the basis of such corrections.

Agreements Relating to Sentencing

- 11. Each party is free to recommend whatever sentence it deems appropriate.
- 12. It is understood by the parties that the sentencing judge is neither a party to nor bound by this Agreement and may impose a sentence up to the maximum penalties as set forth above. Defendant further acknowledges that if the Court does not accept the sentencing recommendation of the parties, defendant will have no right to withdraw her guilty plea.
- 13. Regarding restitution, defendant acknowledges that the total amount of restitution owed to Countrywide Bank FSB is \$318,750, minus any credit for funds repaid prior to sentencing, and that pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3663A, the Court must order defendant, together with any jointly liable codefendants, to make full restitution in the amount outstanding at the time of sentencing. Defendant also agrees to pay additional restitution, arising from the relevant conduct to be determined by the Court at sentencing, in an amount to be determined by the Court at sentencing, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3663(a)(3) and 3664.
- 14. Restitution shall be due immediately, and paid pursuant to a schedule to be set by the Court at sentencing. Defendant acknowledges that pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3664(k), she is required to notify the Court and the

United States Attorney's Office of any material change in economic circumstances that might affect her ability to pay restitution.

- 15. Defendant agrees to pay the special assessment of \$100 at the time of sentencing with a cashier's check or money order payable to the Clerk of the U.S. District Court.
- 16. Defendant agrees that the United States may enforce collection of any fine or restitution imposed in this case pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3572, 3613, and 3664(m), notwithstanding any payment schedule set by the Court.
- 17. After sentence has been imposed on the count to which defendant pleads guilty as agreed herein, the government will move to dismiss the remaining count of the indictment, as well as the forfeiture allegation as to defendant.

Acknowledgments and Waivers Regarding Plea of Guilty Nature of Agreement

- 18. This Agreement is entirely voluntary and represents the entire agreement between the United States Attorney and defendant regarding defendant's criminal liability in case 18 CR 270.
- 19. This Agreement concerns criminal liability only. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, nothing herein shall constitute a limitation, waiver, or release by the United States or any of its agencies of any administrative or judicial civil claim, demand, or cause of action it may have against defendant or any other

person or entity. The obligations of this Agreement are limited to the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois and cannot bind any other federal, state, or local prosecuting, administrative, or regulatory authorities, except as expressly set forth in this Agreement.

Waiver of Rights

- 20. Defendant understands that by pleading guilty she surrenders certain rights, including the following:
- a. **Trial rights**. Defendant has the right to persist in a plea of not guilty to the charges against her, and if she does, she would have the right to a public and speedy trial.
- i. The trial could be either a jury trial or a trial by the judge sitting without a jury. However, in order that the trial be conducted by the judge sitting without a jury, defendant, the government, and the judge all must agree that the trial be conducted by the judge without a jury.
- ii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be composed of twelve citizens from the district, selected at random. Defendant and her attorney would participate in choosing the jury by requesting that the Court remove prospective jurors for cause where actual bias or other disqualification is shown, or by removing prospective jurors without cause by exercising peremptory challenges.
- iii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be instructed that defendant is presumed innocent, that the government has the burden of proving

defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the jury could not convict her unless, after hearing all the evidence, it was persuaded of her guilt beyond a reasonable doubt and that it was to consider each count of the indictment separately. The jury would have to agree unanimously as to each count before it could return a verdict of guilty or not guilty as to that count.

- iv. If the trial is held by the judge without a jury, the judge would find the facts and determine, after hearing all the evidence, and considering each count separately, whether or not the judge was persuaded that the government had established defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
- v. At a trial, whether by a jury or a judge, the government would be required to present its witnesses and other evidence against defendant.

 Defendant would be able to confront those government witnesses and her attorney would be able to cross-examine them.
- vi. At a trial, defendant could present witnesses and other evidence in her own behalf. If the witnesses for defendant would not appear voluntarily, she could require their attendance through the subpoena power of the Court. A defendant is not required to present any evidence.
- vii. At a trial, defendant would have a privilege against self-incrimination so that she could decline to testify, and no inference of guilt could be drawn from her refusal to testify. If defendant desired to do so, she could testify in her own behalf.

- b. Appellate rights. Defendant further understands she is waiving all appellate issues that might have been available if she had exercised her right to trial, and may only appeal the validity of this plea of guilty and the sentence imposed. Defendant understands that any appeal must be filed within 14 calendar days of the entry of the judgment of conviction.
- c. Defendant understands that by pleading guilty she is waiving all the rights set forth in the prior paragraphs, with the exception of the appellate rights specifically preserved above. Defendant's attorney has explained those rights to her, and the consequences of her waiver of those rights.

Presentence Investigation Report/Post-Sentence Supervision

- 21. Defendant understands that the United States Attorney's Office in its submission to the Probation Office as part of the Pre-Sentence Report and at sentencing shall fully apprise the District Court and the Probation Office of the nature, scope, and extent of defendant's conduct regarding the charges against her, and related matters. The government will make known all matters in aggravation and mitigation relevant to sentencing.
- 22. Defendant agrees to truthfully and completely execute a Financial Statement (with supporting documentation) prior to sentencing, to be provided to and shared among the Court, the Probation Office, and the United States Attorney's Office regarding all details of her financial circumstances, including her recent income tax returns as specified by the probation officer. Defendant understands that

providing false or incomplete information, or refusing to provide this information, may be used as a basis for denial of a reduction for acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Guideline § 3E1.1 and enhancement of her sentence for obstruction of justice under Guideline § 3C1.1, and may be prosecuted as a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001 or as a contempt of the Court.

23. For the purpose of monitoring defendant's compliance with her obligations to pay a fine and restitution during any term of supervised release to which defendant is sentenced, defendant further consents to the disclosure by the IRS to the Probation Office and the United States Attorney's Office of defendant's individual income tax returns (together with extensions, correspondence, and other tax information) filed subsequent to defendant's sentencing, to and including the final year of any period of supervised release to which defendant is sentenced. Defendant also agrees that a certified copy of this Agreement shall be sufficient evidence of defendant's request to the IRS to disclose the returns and return information, as provided for in Title 26, United States Code, Section 6103(b).

Other Terms

24. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the United States Attorney's Office in collecting any unpaid fine and restitution for which defendant is liable, including providing financial statements and supporting records as requested by the United States Attorney's Office.

- 25. Defendant understands that pursuant to Title 12, United States Code, Sections 1785(d) and 1829, her conviction in this case will prohibit her from directly or indirectly participating in the affairs of any financial institution insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, except with the prior written consent of the National Credit Union Administration Board or the FDIC and, during the ten years following her conviction, the additional approval of this Court. Defendant further understands that if she knowingly violates this prohibition, she may be punished by imprisonment for up to five years, and a fine of up to \$1,000,000 for each day the prohibition is violated.
- 26. Defendant understands that, if convicted, a defendant who is not a United States citizen may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future.

Conclusion

- 27. Defendant understands that this Agreement will be filed with the Court, will become a matter of public record, and may be disclosed to any person.
- 28. Defendant understands that her compliance with each part of this Agreement extends throughout the period of her sentence, and failure to abide by any term of the Agreement is a violation of the Agreement. Defendant further understands that in the event she violates this Agreement, the government, at its option, may move to vacate the Agreement, rendering it null and void, and thereafter prosecute defendant not subject to any of the limits set forth in this Agreement, or

may move to resentence defendant or require defendant's specific performance of this Agreement. Defendant understands and agrees that in the event that the Court permits defendant to withdraw from this Agreement, or defendant breaches any of its terms and the government elects to void the Agreement and prosecute defendant, any prosecutions that are not time-barred by the applicable statute of limitations on the date of the signing of this Agreement may be commenced against defendant in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of limitations between the signing of this Agreement and the commencement of such prosecutions.

- 29. Should the judge refuse to accept defendant's plea of guilty, this Agreement shall become null and void and neither party will be bound to it.
- 30. Defendant and her attorney acknowledge that no threats, promises, or representations have been made, nor agreements reached, other than those set forth in this Agreement, to cause defendant to plead guilty.

31. Defendant acknowledges that she has read this Agreement and carefully reviewed each provision with her attorney. Defendant further acknowledges that she understands and voluntarily accepts each and every term and condition of this Agreement.

AGREED THIS DATE:

1

JOHN R. LAUSCH, JR.

United States Attorney

NICOLE KIM

Assistant U.S. Attorney

IRMA HOLLOWAY

Defendant

GREGORY T. MITCHELL

Attorney for Defendant